

Platform scaling and multi-environment architecture — specification

Platform scaling — SPEC (clusters, bandwidth, GEO, cloud path)

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Scope: FE/BE topology, service decomposition, dev/staging/prod clusters, cloud migration path

1. Purpose

Define how Android Cast evolves from a **single Alpine BE HVM** hosting all backend services into a **multi-VM, multi-environment platform** that supports:

- Stable **dev** → **staging** → **prod** promotion
 - **Horizontal scaling** and **zero-downtime** deploys where services need it
 - Optional **cloud** footprint (GCP, Azure, or hybrid) without breaking the existing Gentoo FE → Alpine BE production path
 - **Network bandwidth** budgets and egress planning alongside CPU/RAM/connection limits
 - **Global availability** with **GEO segment isolation** (worldwide reach by default; denylisted regions per content/policy — e.g. no publish in Zambia)
 - Room for **future RT/AV, VPN, payments**, and **third-party streaming** integrations described in the draft
- This SPEC is **normative for planning**; individual services retain their own SPEC/DR pairs (URL shortener, remote access, SFU, etc.).

2. Vocabulary

Term	Meaning
FE	Forward-End — Gentoo bare-metal / XEN host; TLS, public nginx, UDP DNAT
BE	Back-End — Alpine HVM(s); app services today on <code>artc0.intra.raptor.org</code>
Cluster	Named set of VMs + shared config for one environment tier (dev, staging, prod)
Control plane	HTTPS APIs, consoles, heartbeats, RBAC, orchestration metadata
Media plane	UDP/TCP cast, SFU/MCU relay, ffmpeg transcode pipelines (future)
Sysop	System operator (PO today) — owns infra simulation and promotion decisions
PROD	Production cluster serving end users
RSSH	Reverse-SSH remote access track (REMOTE_ACCESS_IMPL)
GEO segment	Country/region group (ISO 3166-1 alpha-2) used in allow/deny policy — e.g. ZM (Zambia)
geo_policy	Per-resource or catalog rule: where content/API may be served , published , or streamed
Egress budget	Planned GB/month or Mbps peak per service/link; triggers scale or CDN move

3. Current state (baseline)

Today one **BE Alpine VM** co-locates (see 20260608_BE_SERVICES_and_infra.md):

Domain	Services	Stack
Web / console	Hub, crashes, tickets, graphs, builder UI	nginx + PHP-FPM
APIs	Upload, heartbeat, remote access, graphs ingest, short links admin	PHP
Git	Gitea mirrors (AndroidCast/*)	Gitea + MariaDB/SQLite
Database	androidcast_crashes, url_shortener, Gitea DB	MariaDB
OTA	Channel JSON + artifacts	nginx static / PHP
VPN	WireGuard lab (wg0), RSSH bastion	kernel + sshd
URL shortener	<code>s.f0xx.org</code>	nginx + PHP (submodule)
Build	Docker builder orchestration	Docker on BE

Internet → router (134.17.26.161) → FE (10.7.0.10) → BE (10.7.16.128) :80

Constraint: This topology is **production truth** until a phased migration explicitly replaces it (INFRA.md §1, bottomline_reminder.txt).

4. Goals and non-goals

Goals

ID	Goal
G1	Split services by scaling profile (CPU/RAM vs storage vs RT media)
G2	Three environment tiers : dev (unstable), staging (beta), prod (stable)
G3	Seamless deploy/update with rollback per service
G4	Cost-aware sizing — no oversized DB VMs; burst CPU for build/ffmpeg
G5	Simulation lab on Alpine HVMs before cloud spend
G6	Provider L4/L7 load balancers ready for stateless tiers
G7	Preserve dual-remote git flow and existing public URLs during transition
G8	Bandwidth visibility — per-link and per-service throughput metrics before saturation
G9	Global reach for public services; segment isolation when PO denies regions for specific content

Non-goals (this revision)

ID	Non-goal
NG1	Alpha release blocker — scaling work is post-alpha unless PO reprioritizes
NG2	Immediate full cloud cutover
NG3	Replacing Gentoo FE in phase 1
NG4	Implementing payments, SFU, or DNS resale in this SPEC — only platform hooks
NG5	Full multi-region active-active prod on day one — phased via CDN → hybrid → regional PoPs
NG6	Legal counsel for country block lists — platform provides policy hooks ; PO owns compliance text

5. Requirements

5.1 Must (platform)

ID	Requirement
P1	Every deployable service has an owner , health endpoint , and config outside git documented
P2	Prod changes require promotion from staging (except hotfix path per GIT_FLOW.md)
P3	Stateless HTTP tiers scale behind a load balancer; stateful tiers (DB, object store) have backup/restore runbooks
P4	FE remains TLS termination and edge routing; BE/cluster addresses are internal until cloud edge replaces FE
P5	WireGuard UDP and RSSH TCP paths remain explicit in firewall/DNAT docs when split across VMs
P6	Simulation cluster MUST be reproducible from repo scripts (Alpine + package sets) — see §11
P7	No single VM hosts both primary MariaDB and unbounded ffmpeg transcode workers
P8	Every bandwidth-heavy service (OTA, object store, SFU, ffmpeg, CDN origin) has documented Mbps / GB-month budgets and alert thresholds
P9	geo_policy model: default global serve ; explicit deny segments (countries/regions) per content class or tenant — enforceable at edge and BE

5.2 Should

ID	Requirement
S1	Use managed MariaDB / object storage in cloud phase when cost ≤ ops time
S2	Blue/green or rolling deploy for PHP-FPM pools and Gitea
S3	Central secrets store (SOPS, Vault, or cloud SM) — no secrets in git
S4	Per-environment DNS: dev.apps..., staging.apps..., prod unchanged
S5	Connection and CPU dashboards before scaling RSSH and SFU

S6	laC fragments in repo (dep loy/, nginx snippets) for each new VM role
S7	CDN or edge cache for OTA/APK and static consoles before scaling origin VM count for bandwidth
S8	GeoDNS or latency routing when a second region/PoP is added; single canonical URL preserved

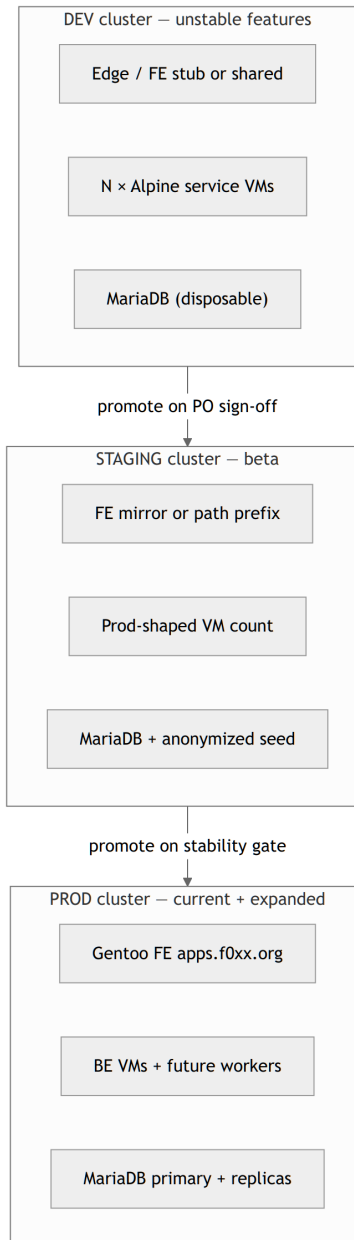
5.3 Future capability slots (normative intent)

Draft “future key roles” map to **service domains** (implementation deferred):

Slot	Description	Depends on
F1 Multipoint cast	MCU/SFU relay outside LAN; TURN/STUN	SFU SPEC, signaling
F2 Stream transcode	ffmpeg any→any; RT and non-RT	Media worker pool, object store
F3 Cast storage	Recordings on BE; paywalled retrieval	F2, billing
F4 Commercial VPN	Anonymous RT VPN; capacity planning	WG pool, payments
F5 Payments	Low fixed cost at scale; usage-based optional	F3, F4, add-ons
F6 Mobile add-ons	Masks, background replace	On-device or cloud GPU
F7 In-app transfers	P2P or ledger between users	F5, compliance
F8 DNS / subdomains	User subdomains + site builder	FE DNS API, tenant isolation
F9 3rd-party streaming	Ingest HLS/m3u8 or RTMP; re-emit as cast	F2, cast handlers
F10 GEO enforcement	Region deny/allow on publish, stream, download	F3, F5, edge CDN/WAF

6. Target architecture

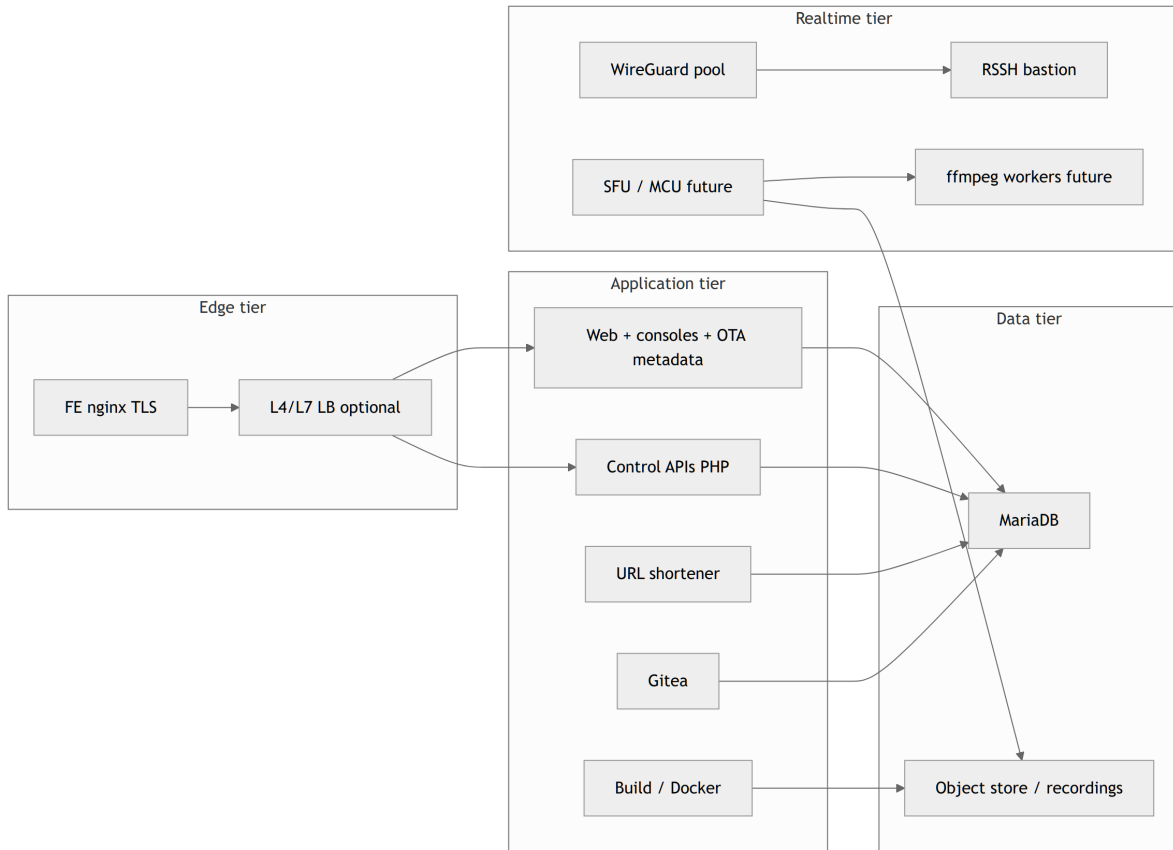
6.1 Environment tiers



Tier	Audience	Data	Deploy freedom
dev	Developers, agents	Synthetic / disposable	Daily; may break
staging	PO, QA, friendly beta	Anonymized prod subset	Weekly; feature flags
prod	End users	Real	Hotfix + scheduled; zero-downtime target

6.2 Service domains

Logical grouping for VM assignment (see DR §Architecture options):



6.3 Reference cluster layout (prod)

Phase A (minimal split) — cost-conscious; matches draft “tighter” intent:

VM role	vCPU	RAM	Disk	Services
be-web-1	2	4 GiB	40 GiB	nginx, PHP-FPM (hub, crashes, graphs, builder UI, OTA JSON)
be-data-1	2	8 GiB	200 GiB+	MariaDB primary; nightly backup to OBJ
be-ops-1	2	4 GiB	80 GiB	Gitea, url-shortener, small object cache
be-build-1	4	16 GiB	100 GiB	Docker builder; ephemeral
be-vpn-1	2	2 GiB	20 GiB	WireGuard + RSSH bastion
fe-1	(existing)	—	—	Gentoo FE — unchanged

Phase B (scale-out) — when metrics justify:

Add	When
be-web-2+	PHP-FPM CPU > 70% sustained or p95 latency SLO miss
be-vpn-2+	RSSH session count > §12.1 per node
be-media-N	SFU/ffmpeg SPEC approved
CDN edge	OTA/release origin egress > §12.3 budget
Regional PoP	p95 RTT > 300 ms for target markets + media revenue (F1/F3)
Managed SQL	DBA ops > 4 h/month or replica lag requirements

6.4 Traffic and control planes

Plane	Protocols	Termination	Notes
Control	HTTPS :443	FE → BE :80	Heartbeats, upload, consoles
Git	HTTPS / SSH	FE path or dedicated	Gitea behind same FE prefix
OTA	HTTPS static	FE → BE or CDN	Large artifacts → object store
VPN lab	UDP :45340	Router DNAT → FE → BE	Unchanged until WG pool
RSSH	TCP :443	ra.apps.f0xx.org	Bastion may move to dedicated VM
Cast LAN	UDP/TCP :41234–41235	Device-local	No BE in alpha
Cast WAN	UDP/TURN/WebRTC	SFU tier (future)	See 20260608_BE_SERVICES_and_infra.md §SFU

7. Service inventory and scaling profile

Service	Stateful?	Scale axis	Co-location rule
Hub / crashes / tickets	No (PHP)	Horizontal	With API pool
Graphs ingest + UI	No	Horizontal	Same pool
Builder UI	No	Horizontal	Same pool; triggers build VM
Docker build	Ephemeral	Queue workers	Dedicated CPU VM
MariaDB	Yes	Vertical → replica	Dedicated ; no ffmpeg
Gitea	Yes (git)	Vertical; mirror RO	Low traffic; ops VM OK
URL shortener	No	Horizontal	Small; can share ops VM
OTA artifacts	Yes (files)	CDN / object store	Split from PHP
WireGuard	Yes (peers)	Pool by region	UDP-friendly VM
RSSH bastion	Session	Horizontal + sticky	See §12.1
SFU / ffmpeg	Session	Horizontal	Dedicated media subnet

8. Deployment and promotion pipeline

```

feature/* or next ■■■ dev cluster (auto or manual)
    ■
    ▼ QA + PO
    staging cluster
    ■
    ▼ soak + sign-off ([ALPHA.md](../ALPHA.md) pattern extended)
    prod cluster

```

Step	Actor	Gate
Deploy to dev	DEV / CI	Unit tests green
Promote to staging	PO or release delegate	Integration + e2e smoke
Promote to prod	PO	Staging soak; GIT_FLOW.md tag on master for app releases

Config rule: config.php and secrets are **environment-specific**; post-sync scripts (e.g. ensure_url_shortener_prod_config.php) must be idempotent per environment.

9. Zero-downtime and load balancing

Tier	Strategy
PHP-FPM	N≥2 VMs behind FE upstream block or cloud LB; max_fpm_children tuned per VM
MariaDB	Primary + read replica; app read/write split optional later
Gitea	Single primary; maintenance window for upgrades unless Gitea HA adopted
WireGuard	New peers on least-loaded node; existing peers sticky until session end
Static OTA	Blue bucket + CDN swap or versioned path (v0/ota/...)

FE nginx pattern (multi-BE):

```

upstream androidcast_be {
    least_conn;
    server 10.7.16.128:80 max_fails=2 fail_timeout=10s;
    server 10.7.16.129:80 max_fails=2 fail_timeout=10s;
}

```

Cloud providers: prefer **managed LB** (GCP ILB, Azure Front Door/Application Gateway) when FE moves partial traffic to cloud.

10. Data and storage

Data class	Store	Backup
Relational (crashes, tickets, RA, short links)	MariaDB	Daily logical dump + binlog optional
Git mirrors	Gitea disk	gitea_collect_backup.sh; off-VM copy
OTA / APK / build artifacts	Object store or large volume	Version immutability
Cast recordings (future)	Object store + lifecycle policy	Glacier-class after N days
Audit / graphs time series	MariaDB or TSDB later	DR \$open

Rule: Object store VMs optimize for **disk IOPS and egress**, not CPU.

11. Simulation lab (Alpine HVMS)

Sysop MAY simulate a cluster on FE hypervisor:

Property	Value
Base OS	Alpine 3.x (match prod BE)
Pre-install	nginx, php81, php81-fpm, mariadb, git, docker, wireguard-tools
Network	Private 10.7.0.0/8 — no WAN topology change
Count	3–7 HVMS typical for dev cluster

FE XEN
■■■■ hvm-be-web-dev
■■■■ hvm-be-data-dev
■■■■ hvm-be-ops-dev
■■■■ hvm-be-build-dev

Deliverable (future script): orchestration/sim/cluster-up.sh — out of scope until PO prioritizes; SPEC reserves name.

12. Capacity planning framework

12.1 RSSH / remote access connections

Planning numbers for **single bastion VM** (2 vCPU, 2 GiB RAM, Alpine):

Metric	Conservative	Target design
Concurrent SSH sessions	50	100 with MaxSessions tuning
Concurrent heartbeat devices (poll 1–7 min)	2 000	5 000 (mostly idle HTTP)
Peak new sessions / min	10	30 with queue
WireGuard peers (lab track)	200	500 split across 2 WG nodes

Bottleneck order: MariaDB connection pool → sshd MaxStartups → PHP-FPM for heartbeat API → CPU on bastion.
When **staging** exceeds conservative column for 24 h, add **be-vpn-2** before cloud migration.

12.2 Cast and media paths (future)

Mode	Latency	Scale unit	ffmpeg role
LAN P2P	Lowest	N/A (alpha)	None
SFU relay	Low	1 SFU ≈ 50–200 viewers (codec dependent)	Optional simulcast
HLS/m3u8 bridge	Medium–high	1 worker ≈ 10–30 transcodes	Heavy CPU

Detailed SFU sizing deferred to owner SFU SPEC (OPEN_TASKS_GRAPH.md).

12.3 Network bandwidth and egress

Scale planning **MUST** include **throughput**, not only CPU/RAM/connections. Hidden bottleneck today: **single FE WAN uplink → FE→BE backhaul → single BE NIC**.

Link inventory (baseline)

Link	Typical role	Metric
Router WAN (134.17.26.161)	Public ingress/egress	Mbps sustained + peak; GB/month
FE ↔ BE (10.7.0.10 → 10.7.16.128)	Proxied HTTP(S), internal sync	Mbps; must exceed sum of BE-facing services
BE origin	PHP, MariaDB, Gitea, OTA origin	NIC util %; egress GB/month
UDP DNAT	WireGuard lab	Mbps per active peer × peers
Future CDN origin pull	OTA, recordings, HLS	Origin Mbps; CDN egress billed separately

Per-service bandwidth profile (planning)

Service	Direction	Order of magnitude (prod planning)	Scale trigger
Control APIs (upload, heartbeat)	In ■ out	1–20 Mbps peak; low GB/month	p95 latency, not Mbps
Consoles / hub	Out	< 5 Mbps sustained	CDN cache static assets
OTA APK / .otapkg	Out	Burst 50–500 Mbps during release	CDN required before wide rollout
Gitea clone/fetch	Out	10–100 Mbps burst	Mirror geo cache
URL shortener redirect	Out	Low	—
Cast recordings (F3)	Out	100 Mbps–1 Gbps per hot object	Object store + CDN; geo replicas
SFU relay (F1)	In+out symmetric	5–50 Mbps × streams	Dedicated media NIC / region
ffmpeg transcode (F2)	In+out	10–100 Mbps per job	Worker pool + queue depth
Commercial VPN (F4)	UDP bidirectional	1–5 Mbps × active tunnels	WG pool per region

Budget template (PO fills per environment)

Metric	Dev	Staging	Prod (initial)	Alert
WAN egress GB/month	—	—	_TBD_	80% of ISP/cloud quota
Peak WAN Mbps	—	—	_TBD_	70% of measured cap
FE→BE peak Mbps	—	—	_TBD_	sustained > 60% 15 min

OTA release peak	—	soak test	CDN absorbs > 90%	origin > 100 Mbps
Media egress GB/month	—	—	_TBD_ (F3+)	cost budget

DR rule: Do not add **be-web-2** for bandwidth until CDN/OTA offload is evaluated — horizontal PHP nodes do not fix a saturated WAN link.

13. Cloud migration (GCP / Azure / other)

Hybrid recommended for first cloud phase:

Stay on-prem (FE + latency-sensitive)	Cloud candidate
Gentoo FE TLS (or parallel cloud LB)	Object store (GCS/Azure Blob)
WireGuard UDP if DNAT chain kept	Managed MariaDB
LAN cast	ffmpeg worker MIG / VMSS
	SFU pool (GPU optional)

Migration sequence (normative):

1. Object store for OTA + build artifacts
2. Read-only analytics replica or backup target
3. Staging cluster entirely in cloud (dress rehearsal)
4. Prod PHP tier behind hybrid LB
5. Media plane last (highest risk)

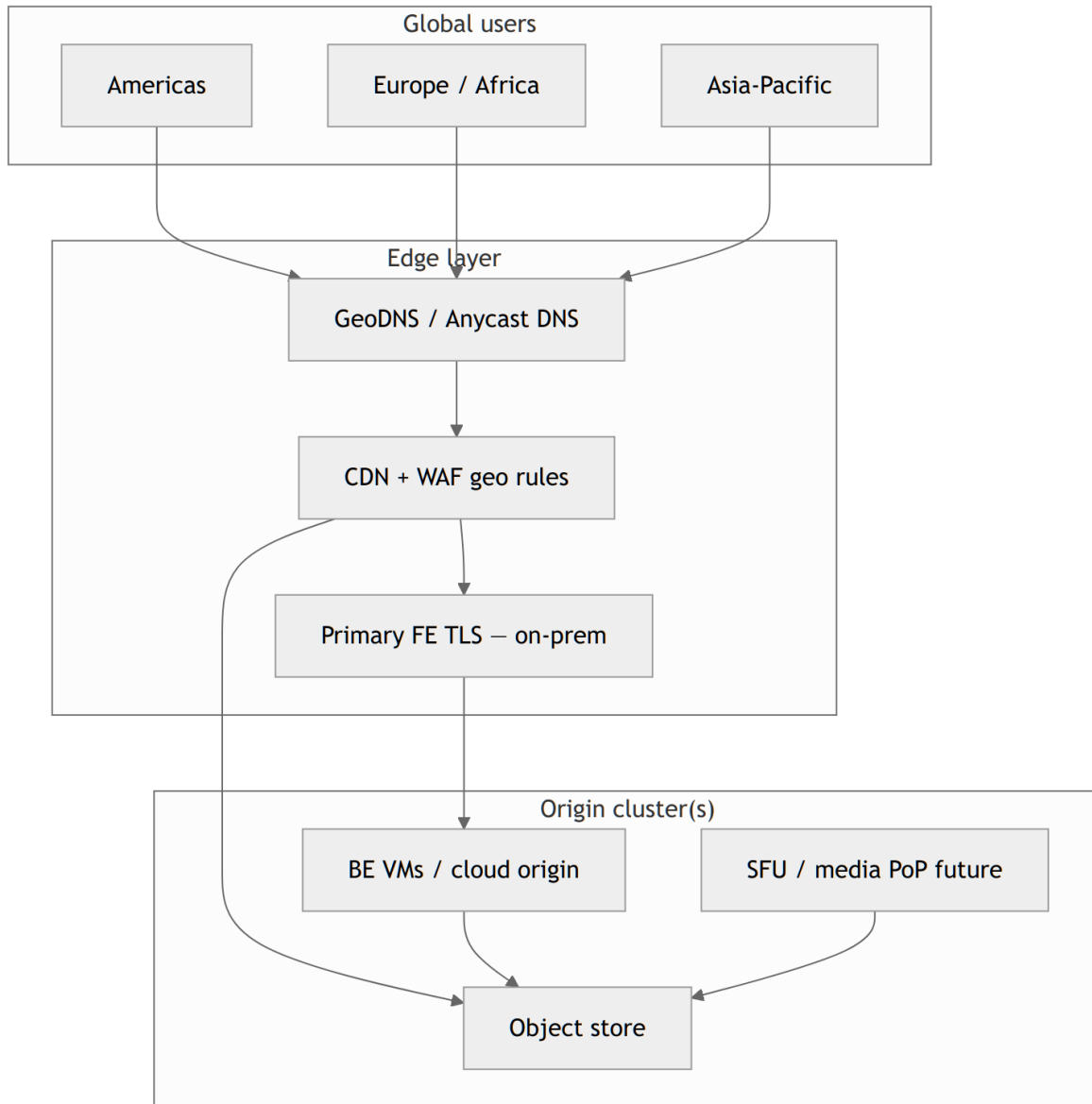
Egress rule: Keep **one** canonical public URL per service; DNS/CNAME moves — no app hard-coded IP changes.

Bandwidth rule: Model **cloud egress pricing** in phase 1 object-store migration; prefer **CDN in front of origin** for any artifact > 1 MB served to > 100 users.

14. Global availability and GEO policy

Draft intent: **anyone in the world can use the platform** (latency permitting), while **specific content or features may be excluded by region** — e.g. a recording or OTA channel must **not** be published or downloadable in **Zambia (zm)** when PO sets that policy.

14.1 Reach model



Phase	Reach	Latency target (control plane)
Now	Single FE/BE (EU-centric)	Best-effort worldwide HTTPS
Phase 5–6	CDN for static + OTA	p95 < 300 ms TTFB via edge
Future	Optional regional media PoP + signaling	RT cast < 150 ms LAN-equivalent where PoP exists

Normative: Public APIs and consoles remain **globally reachable** unless PO declares a **maintenance** or **sanctions** block at edge (separate from per-content deny).

14.2 Segment isolation

Concept	Definition
Segment	ISO country code, optional region group (EU, AFRICA, custom list)
Default	Allow serve worldwide for control plane; content inherits tenant default
deny_publish	Content must not be made available in listed segments (upload/mirror/index)
deny_serve	Existing object must not be delivered (HTTP 451 / empty manifest / VPN reject)
allow_only	Exclusive list — only these segments (stricter catalogues)

Example (illustrative):

```

{
  "resource": "cast_recording:abc123",
  "geo_policy": {
    "default": "allow",
    "deny_serve": ["ZM"],
    "deny_publish": ["ZM"]
  }
}

```

Same pattern applies to OTA channels, short-link targets (optional), and paid stream entitlements (F5).

Content class	Typical policy
Crash/ticket consoles	Global (operator VPN/RBAC unchanged)
OTA stable channel	Global unless PO restricts beta regions
Cast recording (F3)	Per-object deny segments
HLS rebroadcast (F9)	Per-channel geo + copyright rules
Commercial VPN exit (F4)	egress region choice, not arbitrary bypass of deny_serve

14.3 Enforcement layers

Layer	Mechanism	When
L1 DNS / GeoDNS	Route to nearest healthy edge	Multi-PoP phase
L2 CDN / WAF	Geo block or cache vary-by-country	OTA, static, recording download
L3 FE nginx	geo module or auth subrequest	Optional coarse blocks
L4 BE API	Resolve client country (CDN header CF-IPCountry, GeoIP) → geo_policy check	Normative for dynamic content
L5 Object store	Bucket policy / signed URL with segment claim	Large artifacts
L6 App / entitlements	Mobile checks BE before playback	F3, F5, F9

Headers (normative when behind CDN): trust X-Geo-Country or provider equivalent only from **FE/CDN** — strip at edge from client.

Audit: deny_serve events logged to audit table (who, resource, country, time) for operator review.

Dev/staging: may use X-Debug-Country: ZM header to simulate segments without VPN.

15. RBAC and operator model evolution

Phase	Model
Now	Developer-centric; shared ac_crash_sess; privilege sets for tickets, RA, short links
Staging scale	Separate operator vs developer orgs in Gitea; audit log export
Prod commercial	Tenant-scoped RBAC; customer admin roles; SSO optional

Platform **MUST** support **per-environment** user tables or row-level environment_id before multi-tenant commercial features (F5–F9).

16. Commercial and paid services (platform hooks)

No implementation in this SPEC — only **interfaces**:

Hook	Requirement
Billing	Webhook idempotency; tenant_id on all paid resources
Metering	VPN minutes, storage GB, transcode minutes, egress GB — export to metrics
Entitlements	Mobile app checks BE /api/v1/entitlements (future); includes geo_allowed flag
Add-ons	Feature flags per user; GPU queue for masks/background

Payment provider **SHOULD** have **no monthly minimum** at low volume (draft: “near 0 for developer”).

17. Observability and SLO

Service	Health	SLO (prod, initial)
Control APIs	/api/... + upload smoke	99.5% monthly
Consoles	HTTP 200 login page	99.5%
URL shortener	/api/v1/health	99.9%
RSSH heartbeat	device poll success rate	99%
Gitea	mirror sync age < 2× interval	Best effort

Bandwidth metrics (add to graphs / future central metrics):

Metric	Source	Alert
wan_egress_mbps	router or FE interface	> 70% cap 15 min
fe_be_backhaul_mbps	FE→BE link	> 60% cap
origin_egress_gbytes_month	nginx / object store	> 80% budget
cdn_cache_hit_ratio	CDN analytics	< 85% during OTA
geo_deny_serve_total	BE audit	anomaly spike
sfu_media_mbps	SFU (future)	per-PoP capacity plan

Use existing graphs console + future centralized metrics (GRAFANA_vs_others_graphvis_pivot.md).

18. Safety constraints (current topology)

From bottomline_reminder.txt and INFRA.md:

Rule	Detail
No risky WAN changes	Router 134.17.26.161 → FE 10.7.0.10 chain stays until DR-approved migration
Port 8089	Janus/other — not androidcast vhost
BE listen 80	Canonical for FE proxy_pass
ssh access	ssh alpine-be, ssh f0xx-monstro, ssh f0xx.org — inspect tmp/FE_gentoo, tmp/BE_alpine before infra edits
Simulation only	New HVMS on intra 10.7.0.0/8; no public IP experiments without PO

19. Phased delivery map

Phase	Scope	Alpha relation
0	Document + simulation design (this SPEC/DR)	Parallel to alpha
1	Split build Docker to dedicated VM; OTA on object disk	Post-alpha
2	be-web-2 + FE upstream; staging cluster on HVMS	Post-alpha
3	Managed backup; MariaDB replica	Post-alpha
4	SFU + ffmpeg workers (separate SPEC)	Post-alpha
5	Hybrid cloud staging + CDN for OTA/static	Strategic
5b	Bandwidth dashboards + egress budgets on graphs	Strategic
6	Commercial hooks F5–F9	Product-dependent
7	GEO policy enforcement (F10) for recordings/OTA/catalog	After F3 or PO mandate

20. Out of scope (this SPEC revision)

- Concrete Terraform/Pulumi modules
- Pricing quotes for GCP/Azure
- Legal/compliance for payments and VPN resale
- Mobile app changes for commercial features
- Replacing MariaDB with Postgres
- Sanctions-law mapping per country — PO/legal owns lists; platform stores **deny segments** only

21. Related docs

Doc	Link
Infra topology	INFRA.md
BE service map	20260608_BE_SERVICES_and_infra.md
Build / Docker	BUILD_DEPLOY.md
Remote access	REMOTE_ACCESS_IMPL.md, 20260602_REVERSE_SSH_proposals_summary.md
Open tasks graph	OPEN_TASKS_GRAPH.md
Alpha priorities	20260608_ALPHA_PRIORITIES.md
URL shortener	specs/20100611_3_url_shortener.md
Design review	DRs/20100612_1_scaling.md

Changelog

Date	Change
2026-06-12	Initial SPEC from draft 20100612_1_scaling.txt
2026-06-12	Rev. 2 — network bandwidth (§12.3), global availability + GEO policy (§14), metrics